City Comprehensive Plan Update

Rochester, Minnesota

David Dunn, AICP

Assistant Director
Rochester-Olmsted Planning Department
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Today

Growth Trends & Projections



Comprehensive Plan – Intro & Overview

Next Steps

The big questions

As a community, how do we......

- Accommodate for a variety of lifestyle choices including:
 - Housing
 - Transportation
 - Changing population
- Address our future labor shortage
- Attract world class talent
- Enhance our quality of life for residents of all backgrounds









City of Rochester Comprehensive Plan Update

- The comprehensive plan will set forth a vision and goals for the city's futurewith focus on land use and development patterns, transportation systems, public utilities, and fiscal conditions-and will provide the foundation for policies and strategies to implement the Plan.
- This P2S project employs an integrated land use, transportation, and fiscal analysis and computer-aided modeling process to evaluate alternative scenarios for the future growth and development of the city.

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Legislative Support to Plan

- 462.351 MUNICIPAL PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT; POLICY STATEMENT.
- The legislature finds that municipalities are faced with mounting problems in providing means of guiding future development of land so as to insure a safer, more pleasant and more economical environment for residential, commercial, industrial and public activities, to preserve agricultural and other open lands, and to promote the public health, safety, and general welfare. Municipalities can prepare for anticipated changes and by such preparations bring about significant savings in both private and public expenditures. Municipal planning, by providing public guides to future municipal action, enables other public and private agencies to plan their activities in harmony with the municipality's plans. Municipal planning will assist in developing lands more wisely to serve citizens more effectively, will make the provision of public services less costly, and will achieve a more secure tax base. It is the purpose of sections 462.351 to 462.364 to provide municipalities, in a single body of law, with the necessary powers and a uniform procedure for adequately conducting and implementing municipal planning.

Rochester Comprehensive Plan

- Integrated Approach
- Physical Development in context of projected growth & Change
 - Settlement patterns
 - Land use
 - Transportation
 - Utilities (i.e. Sanitary Sewer)
- Fiscal Impacts

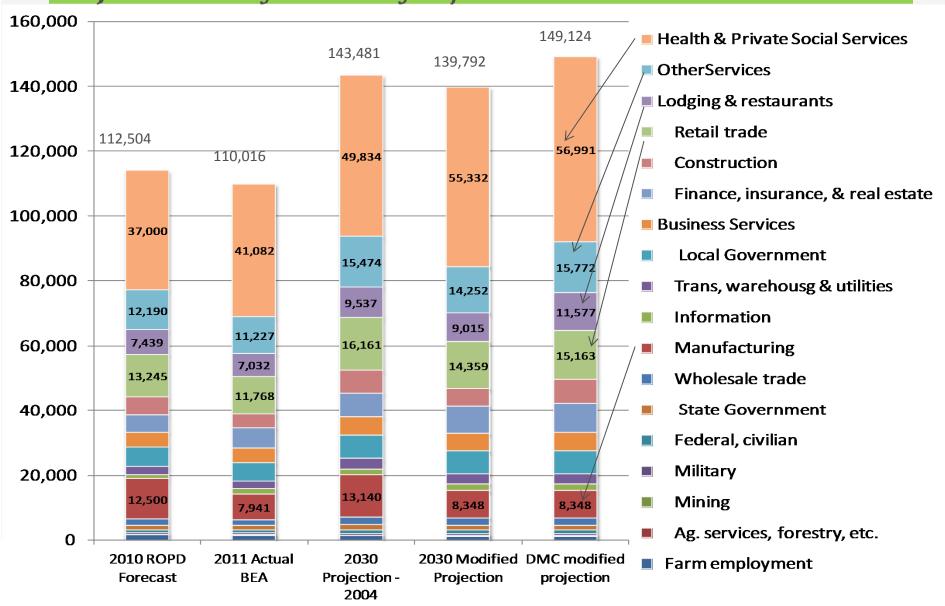


NOT all elements of community dynamics, needs, government services, or aspirations are included.

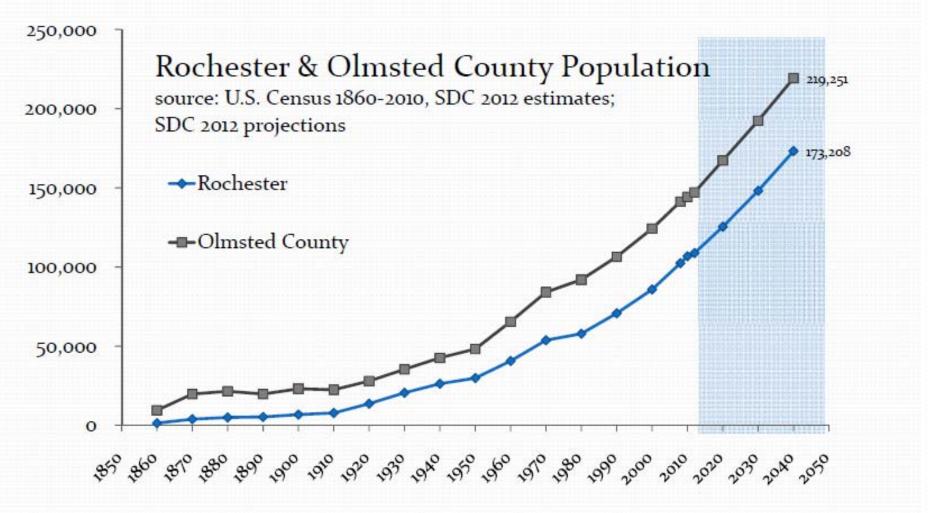




Recession-Revised Employment Projections based on adjustment by industry w/ DMC

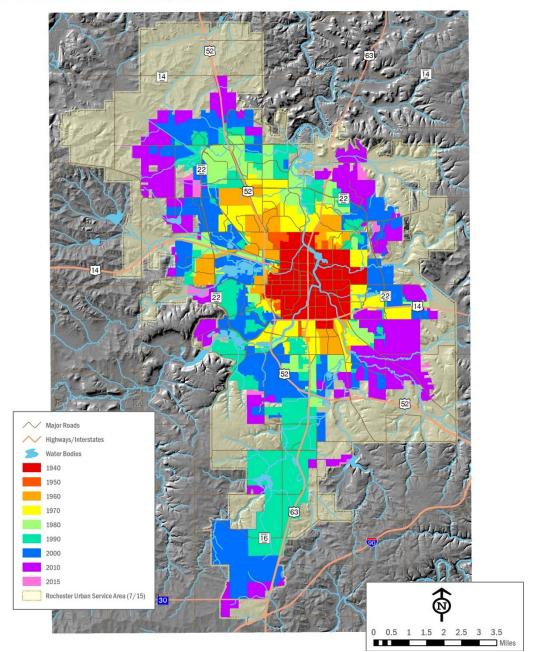


Population: History & Projections



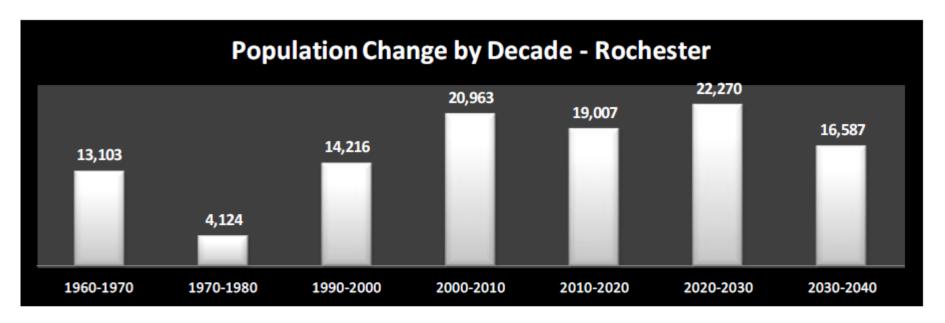
Rochester's Historic Growth Patterns

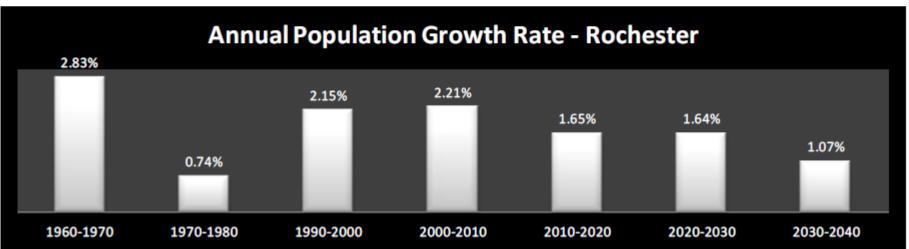
Data Source: Rochester-Olmsted Planning Department





Historic and Projected Population Change





Sources of Population Change

Components of Change	Olmsted
2000-2012	County
Births	26,627
Deaths	10,406
Natural Increase	16,221
International net migration (97%	
of net migration)	6,258
Domestic net migration	178
Total Net Migration	6,436

Source: ROPD based on Census estimates: http://www.census.gov/

Household Types 2000, 2010, and Projected

	2000	Actual	Projected	Total Change	Share of	Total Change	Share of
Olmsted County	Actual	2010	2030	2000-2010	Growth	2010-2030	Growth
Married couples with related children	13,553	13,287	14,130	-266	-2.9%	843	4.7%
Married couples without							
related children	13,540	17,258	25,910	3,718	40.1%	8,652	48.4%
Other families with related children	3,703	4,586	5,430	883	9.5%	844	4.7%
Other families w/o related children	1,512	2,562	2,490	1,050	11.3%	-72	-0.4%
Living alone	12,358	15,524	22,760	3,166	34.1%	7,236	40.5%
Living alone, age 65+	3,656	4,730	9,730	1,074	11.6%	5,000	28.0%
Other nonfamily households	3,141	3,863	4,230	722	7.8%	367	2.1%
Total households	47,807	57,080	74,950	9,273	100.0%	17,870	100.0%
Householders ages 15 to 24	3,076	2,726	4,350	-350	-3.8%	1,624	9.1%
Householders ages 25 to 44	21,267	21,063	23,470	-204	-2.2%	2,407	13.5%
Householders ages 45 to 64	15,012	22,036	24,570	7,024	75.7%	2,534	14.2%
Householders age 65 and older	8,539	11,255	22,560	2,716	29.3%	11,305	63.3%

From 2000 to 2010, 93% of net household growth was in households without children.

Source: 2000 & 2010 Census; SDC forecasts

Labor Force

Olmsted County Labor Force Gap

Age Creu	2010	2030	2040	Labor Force Growth
Age Group	2010	2030	2040	Growen
15-24	10,300	12,600	12,600	2,300
25-44	35,200	41,700	46,600	11,400
45-64	31,000	36,100	39,000	8,000
65+	2,800	8,200	8,000	5,200
	Projected Grow	th in Olmsted (Co Workforce	26,900
	Projected	Olmsted Coun	ty Job Growth	57,440
Jobs fill	ed by Residents (a	ssumes 10% hold	l multiple jobs)	29,900
		_		
		La	bor Force Gap	27,540
	Projected Growth i	in Commuters (2	0,500 to 32,600)	12,100
Α	dditional Annua	l Workforce G	rowth Needed	500
Can be met by higher Labor Force Participation; greater in-migration, more commuters				

Trends in Housing Affordability

tenure	2000	2007-11
households for whom ratio of cost to income is computed	40,250	55,702
owners paying over 30% of income for housing	3,856	9,436
renters paying over 30% of income for housing	4,056	5,804
all households paying over 30% of income for housing	7,912	15,240
% of owners paying over 30%	13.1%	22.0%
% of renters paying over 30%	37.4%	45.2%
% of all households paying over 30%	19.7%	27.4%

Source: 2000 Census & Census ACS 2007-11

The big questions

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 - Housing
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About the Scenario Modeling Process

- Scenario development is a process for exploring possible futures for the City of Rochester.
- In what ways might Rochester grow to achieve the desired vision?
- Not the plan itself, but a way of testing possibilities

Trends Scenario Alternative Scenarios

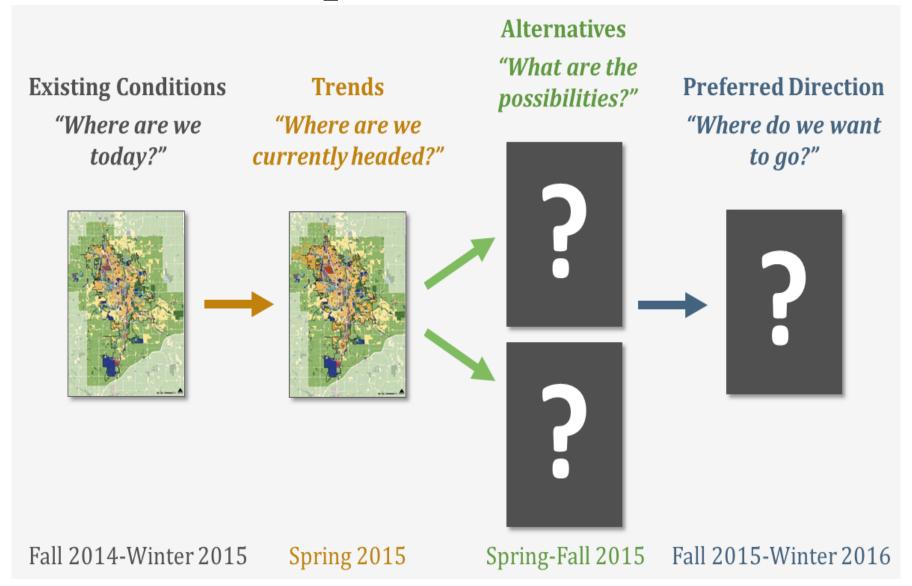
3 Preferred Scenario

"Where are we headed currently?"

"What are the possibilities?"

"Where do we want to go?"

Scenario Exploration



Compare 3

TRENDS:

Similar trajectory, how we've grown over past 20+ years

ALTERNATIVE SCENARIOS:

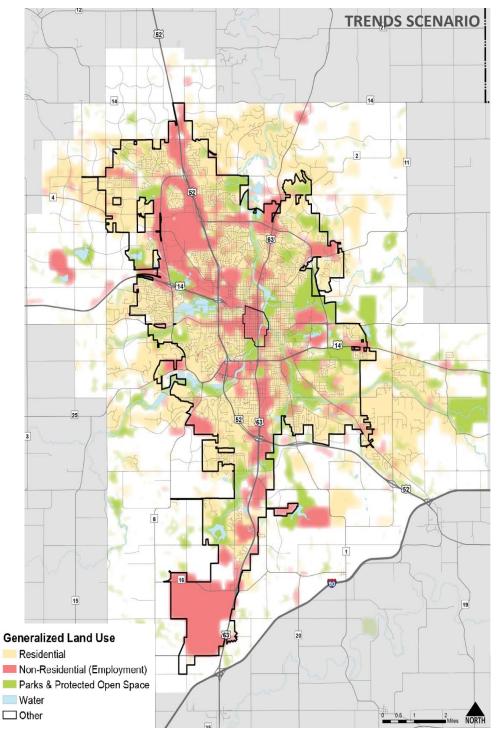
Consider transit system improvements & associated land uses to support

- Nodes & links
- Super Nodes

Comparing & Evaluating Anticipated Outcomes – Data Driven

Trends Scenario

- What if recent growth and development trends continue?
 - Continued corporate expansion into the urban services area
 - Low-density, single family development patterns in edge areas
 - Corridor-oriented commercial/industrial growth
 - Intensification of downtown development (per downtown master plan projections)
 - Similar transit demand/service growth as past 15-20 yrs
- Trends scenario model and indicators completed March 2015

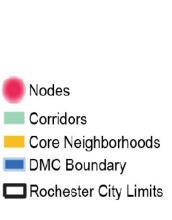


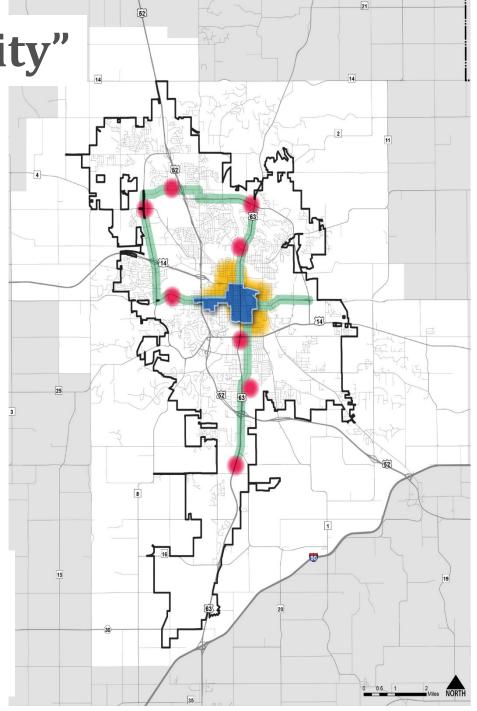
Exploring Alternatives (current phase)

- Two alternative scenarios were developed based on input from community members, professional staff, and other stakeholders
- Key inputs/messages:
 - Improve and expand transit service (higher frequency, longer hours, etc.)
 - Enhance bike and pedestrian environment and facilities
 - Ensure access to amenities throughout the city
 - Utilize existing infrastructure systems to support new growth (efficiency, fiscal responsibility, sustainability)
 - Explore targeted infill and redevelopment (including higher density, mixed use) within key nodes and corridors
 - Allow some edge growth/corporate expansion; accommodate market demand for single family/suburban development

Alt 1: "Filling in the City"

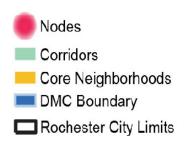
- Targeted infill and redevelopment of key nodes and corridors
- DMC projections
- Some redevelopment in core neighborhoods
- No growth outside of existing city boundary
- Higher transit demand & service

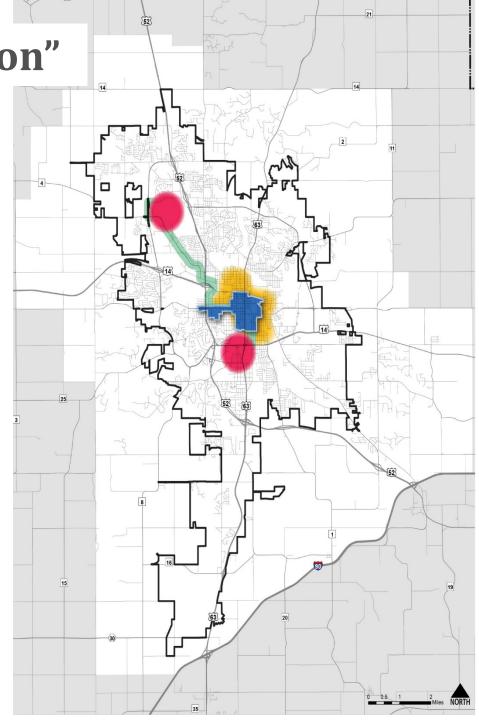




Alt 2: "Limited Expansion"

- Targeted infill/redevelopment of one primary corridor connecting two larger nodes
- DMC projections
- Some redevelopment in core neighborhoods
- Limited growth outside of existing city boundary
- Higher transit demand and service





Evaluating Alternatives

• Indicators are a set of measurements that help to evaluate the impacts of the land use model

Sets of Outcomes to compare

Informed decisions – Priorities & Preferences

Example Indicators

Land Use and Development

- Land Use
- Land Consumption
- Impervious surface
- Residential Land Uses
 - Growth Areas
 - Population Density
 - Housing Diversity

Non-Residential Land Uses

- Growth areas
- Employment Density
- Parkland per capita

NOTE: All of the indicators listed here can also be viewed as indicators of Community Health and Environmental Quality

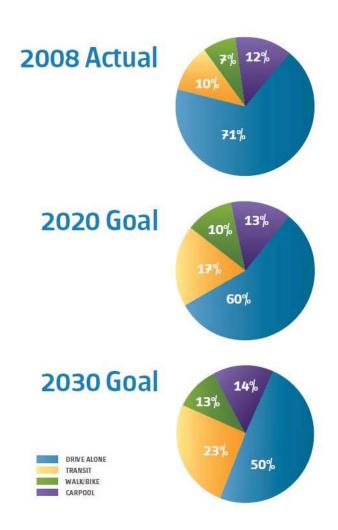
Example Indicators

Transportation

- Roadway Congestion
- Greenhouse gas emissions from vehicle use
- Proximity to transit
- Transit Demand
- Active transit propensity
- 20-minute neighborhood
- Downtown access mode share
- Safety
- System connectivity

NOTE: All of the indicators listed here can also be viewed as indicators of Community Health and Environmental Quality

Downtown Access Mode Share



From Downtown Rochester Master Plan

Trends Scenario:

• Drive Alone: 64%

• Transit: 14%

• Walk/Bike: 9%

• Carpool: 13%

 Under the Trend Scenario, we will not meet our 2030 Mode Share Goals (Goal is 50% drive alone to work)

Example Indicators

Fiscal Impact

- Transportation
 - Capital costs
 - Lifecycle costs
 - Transit spending per capita
 - Proximity to transit
- (Non-Transportation) Infrastructure
 - Capital costs
 - Lifecycle costs

NOTE: All of the indicators listed here can also be viewed as indicators of Community Health and Environmental Quality

Economic value creation

Example Indicators

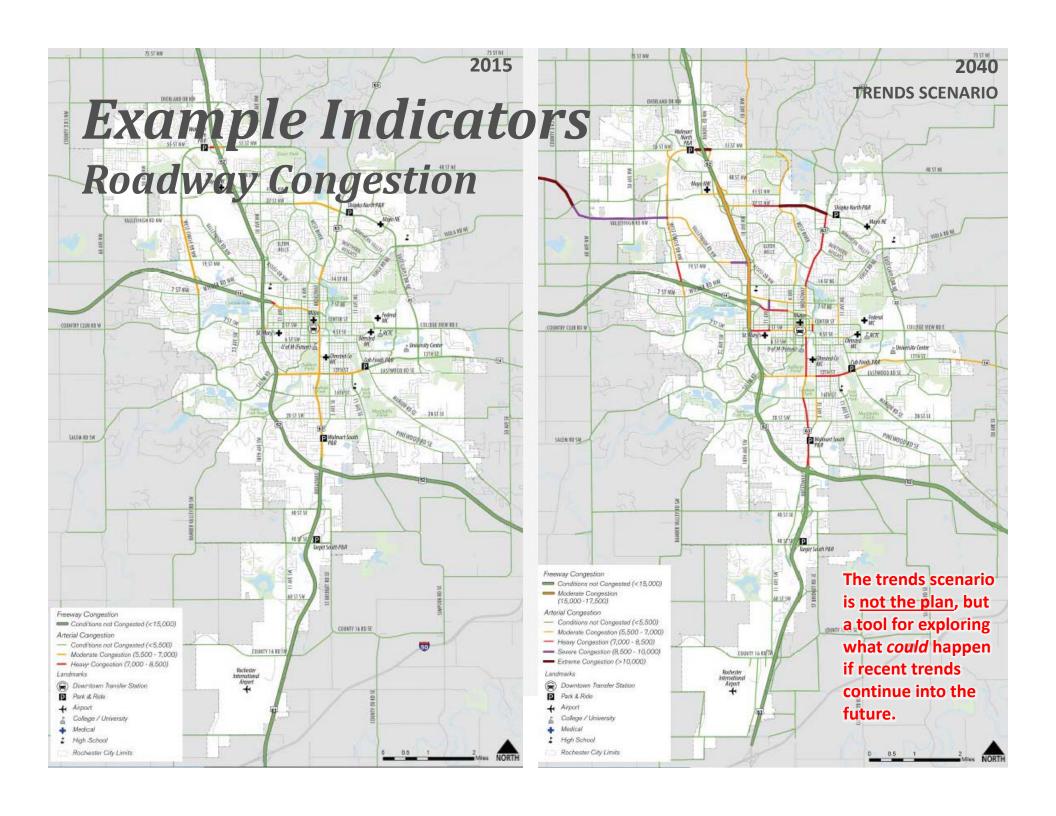
Environmental

- Greenhouse Gas (GHG)
- Transportation Energy Use
- Air/Water Quality

Trend Scenario		
Daily VMT	4,274,547	
Pollutant	Value	Units
CO2	1,757	metric tons
VOC	9,735	lbs
THC	10,140	lbs
CO	88,504	lbs
NO x	6,525	lbs
PM10	41	lbs
PM2.5	39	lbs
Gasoline Consumption	197,896	gallons







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Settlement **Patterns**



Public Service Demands & Geographic Area



Energy, Resources, **Environment** Transportation, Utility, Patterns, Systems

Transportation, Utility, CO\$T **Short & Long** Term

System maintenance & life cycle costs

Viability of **Transit**

Demand for Parking

> SAC/WAC costs

Tax Revenue -\$

Externalities

AFFORDABILITY Transportation Housing,

> & Mobility Access

Resource

Family Support Needs Social &

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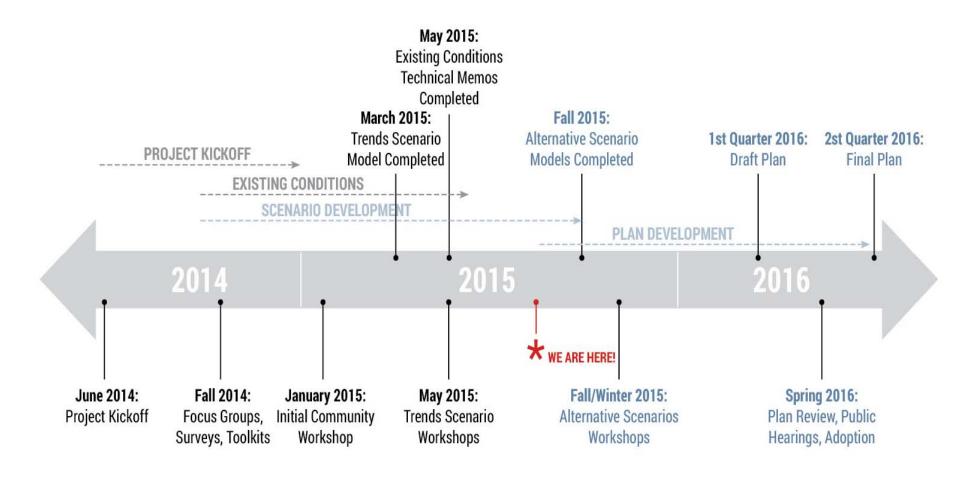
Quality of Life

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Value to the Community

- Ensures efficient public resources, facilities, and infrastructure
- Promotes a common vision for Rochester based on community values and priorities
- Establishes a framework to prioritize, coordinate, and leverage public and private investments
- Provides a framework for strategic, intentional, decisions
- Like current plans, allows flexibility and discretion

Timeline









Thank You!